

LL.B. Semester - 6 (CBCS) Examination
April/May-2022 (NEW COURSE)
Legal Language (Core (New))

Time: 3:00 Hours**Marks: 100****Instructions:**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate marks.

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- Que-1 Write an Essay: (Any Two) (20)
1. Supremacy of the Constitution.
 2. Judicial Activism
 3. Capital punishment
 4. Dying Declaration
- Que-2 Explain Legal maxims: (Any Four) (20)
1. Ab initio
 2. De Jure
 3. Eminent domain
 4. Jus terti
 5. Pacta sunt sarvanda
 6. Ultra vires
- Que-3 Reference to Context: (Any Four) (20)
1. Advocates are sometimes not fully conscious of the magic of words.
 2. Wisdom cannot be attained except by investigation and discussion.
 3. “The interest of the client is paramount”
 4. Knowledge can achieve by investigation and discussion even with the juniors.
 5. When there is a breeze in court it is always an unpleasant thing.
 6. No one can ensure a young man who is entering the advocate’s profession success at the bar.
- Que-4 Draft a partnership deed between Ashutosh Ajmera and Dipak Dwivedi for opening new (20)
medical store at Mehsana.

OR

- Que-4 File a civil suit in appropriate court for permanent injunction of easement right of immovable property.

Que-5 Translate following paragraph in Gujarati. (10)

Human rights developed as a concept after the conclusion of the Second World War. This was because the prisoners of war were tortured by the countries which took them. There were no diplomatic arrangements that ensured the safety and security of the prisoner of wars. There were agreements between countries on aspects of the treatment of prisoners, but seldom did anyone respect them. Eleanor Roosevelt is usually credited for the incorporation of human rights into the charter of the United Nations. She was not only an advocate of human rights but also someone who supported the essential universal freedom of humans. She was the wife of then US President Franklin D. Roosevelt. Human rights constitute the necessary rights to which every individual is entitled to. Although most countries having a constitution incorporate articles on fundamental rights and freedoms, human rights is an important issue. They are necessary because many countries do not adhere to them. Human rights signify the depth of humanity. It is only recently that human rights have been universally adopted. Before that, there was no principle as such, which was binding on the different nations of the world.

Que-6 Reduce the following passage to one third of the original length. (10)

Judicial review is the power of the courts to pronounce upon the constitutionality of legislative acts which fall within their normal jurisdiction to enforce and the power to refuse to enforce. It has also power to refuse to enforce such as they find to be unconstitutional and hence void. Judicial Review is an integral part of our constitutional system. A power has been conferred in the High Courts under Act 226 and Supreme Court of India Act 32 and 13 to decide the constitutional validity of the provisions of the statutes and executive actions. In Kesavananda Bharti case, it was held that Judicial Review is the basic feature of the Indian Constitution. It cannot be destroyed or damaged or excluded even by the constitutional amendment.
